JULY 2. 1741. NUMB. 655.

The Pennsylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestick.

The Humble ADDRESS *of the Right Honourable the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled.*

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's most dutyful and loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, beg Leave to return Your Majesty our most humble Thanks for your most Gracious Speech from the Throne, and for Your Majesty's great Attention and Care for the Preservation of the Ballance of Power, and the Peace and Liberties of *Europe*, in which the Tranquility and Security of these Kingdoms are so nearly interested.

We cannot but express our great Concern, That a War has broke out, and is carried on in Part of the *Austrian* Dominions; and we are highly sensible of Your Majesty's Royal Wisdom, in the Resolution You have been pleased to declare for the Maintenance of the Pragmatick Sanction, and the Assistance of the Queen of *Hungary*.

We assure Your Majesty, That in Case it shall become necessary to enter into still further Expences in so just a Cause, Your Majesty may depend on our zealous and chearful Concurrence, in enabling Your Majesty to contribute, in the most effectual Manner, to the Support of the Queen of *Hungary*; and to the preventing, by all reasonable Means, the Subversion of the House of *Austria*, the ancient and natural Ally of the *British* Crown.

We think ourselves obliged, upon this Occasion, to renew the Professions of our most dutyful and inviolable Fidelity; and to give Your Majesty the strongest Assurances, That if any Part of Your Dominions, altho' not belonging to the Crown of *Great-Britain*, should be attacked or insulted, by any Prince or Power whatsoever, in Resentment of the just and necessary Measures which Your Majesty hath taken, or shall take, for maintaining the Pragmatick Sanction, we are determined to exert ourselves to the utmost, in defending and protecting such Dominions from any such Attacks or Insults.

To which His MAJESTY *was pleased to give this most Gracious* ANSWER.

My LORDS,

I THANK you very kindly for this most seasonable and dutyful Address. The true Concern you shew for the Assistance of the Queen of *Hungary*, and the Support of the House of *Austria*, is very agreeable to me.

The Assurance you give me, in relation to my Territories Abroad, is a strong Proof of your Affection to Me; and you may depend on My making no other Use of the Confidence you repose in Me, than to enable Me to act with Vigour, in maintaining the Pragmatick Sanction, and in the Preservation of the Ballance and Liberties of *Europe*, and of Our common Interest and Security.

The Humble ADDRESS *of the House of Commons to His* MAJESTY.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's most dutyful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great-Britain*, in Parliament assembled, beg Leave to return Your Majesty our most humble Thanks for Your Majesty's most gracious Speech from the Throne; and to express our dutyful Sense of Your Majesty's just and due Regard for the Rights and Interest of the Queen of *Hungary*, and for maintaining the Pragmatick Sanction. We cannot but entirely concur with Your Majesty, in the prudent Measures which Your Majesty is pursuing, for the Support of the common Cause, and for the Preservation of the Liberties, and the Ballance of Power in *Europe*. We acknowledge Your Majesty's Wisdom and Resolution, in not suffering Yourself to be diverted from steadily persevering in Your just Purposes of fulfilling the Engagements which Your Majesty has enter'd into with the House of *Austria*; and do assure Your Majesty, that in Justice, and in Vindication of the Honour and Dignity of the *British* Crown, this House will effectually stand by and support Your Majesty against all Insults and Attacks which any Prince or Power, in Resentment of the just Measures which Your Majesty has so wisely taken, shall make upon any of Your Majesty's Territories or Dominions, though not belonging to the Crown of *Great-Britain*.

And we beg Leave further to assure Your Majesty, that in any future Events which may arise from this uncertain State of Things, and which may make it necessary for Your Majesty to enter into still larger Expences, Your faithful Commons will enable Your Majesty to contribute, in the most effectual Manner, to the Support of the Queen of *Hungary*, to the preventing by all reasonable Means, the Subversion of the House of *Austria*, and to the maintaining the Pragmatick Sanction, and the Liberties and Ballance of *Europe*.

To which His MAJESTY *was pleased to give this most Gracious* ANSWER.

GENTLEMEN,

I Give you my Thanks for this dutyful and loyal Address. Your great Readiness in enabling me to make good my Engagements with the Queen of *Hungary*, and the Assurances you give me, not to suffer my foreign Dominions to be insulted, on Account of the Measures I am pursuing for the Support of the Pragmatick Sanction, are such evident Proofs of your just Concern for maintaining the Liberties and Ballance of Power in *Europe*, and of your great Regard for my Honour and Interest, that you may depend upon all suitable Returns from Me for this particular Mark of your Affection and Confidence in Me.

Constantinople, March 6. Affairs have lately taken a new Turn at this Court, where there was a powerful Party who strongly insisted on the Renewal of the War with the Christian Powers. The Reis Effendi, High-Chancellor, was at the Head of this Party, and opposed every thing that might strengthen the Peace concluded before Belgrade, particularly in regard to Russia. The Russian Ministers were not to be shaken, and the Court d'Uhlfeldt made the Porte so sensible of the false Insinuations of the Reis Effendi, that his Highness resolv'd to make no Innovation in that Article; but the bad News received from Persia at the same Time, greatly contributed to that Resolution, the Porte dreading a War from that Quarter.

The Grand Vizir, who was the sworn Enemy of the Reis Effendi, made so good a Handle of these Circumstances, that he made the latter fall into the Pit which he himself had digged for others: The Reis Effendi was deposed the 5th of last Month, and soon after sent into Exile: The Raghil Effendi, then Mectouphi, or Secretary of State, was made Reis Effendi: The Drogueman, or Interpreter of the Porte, shar'd in the Disgrace of the Reis Effendi, being taken up the same Day, and afterwards put to Death.

The Persian Embassador arriv'd the 4th Inst. at Scutari, and 'tis thought he will make his publick Entry the 8th. We are impatient to hear what Proposals he will make.

Petersburg, April 4 We have an Express from Derbent, with Advice, that Kouli Kan will certainly attack the Turkish Dominions, unless the Grand Signior acquiesce to restore all his Conquests in Persia; and grant the Persian Carravan a free Pilgrimage to Mecca to visit Mahomet's Tomb &c. be it never so numerous.

Florence, April 1. A Council of the Regency met Yesterday; since which, a considerable Train of Artillery has been order'd for the Imperial and Tuscan Troops that are to encamp near Sienna, which 'tis assured will consist of about

about 13, 000 Men. ----- It ſeems from thoſe Advices, that the King of Spain is determined to attack the Grand Duke's Dominions, to get Elbow Room in Italy for the Infante Don Philip.

Stockholm, April 3. All the Troops in this Kingdom have received Orders to hold themſelves in Readineſs to march on the firſt Notice. The Court has alſo ordered 2000 Seamen more to be ſent to Carelſcroon, where a Squadron of twelve Ships of the Line and ſix Frigates is actually equipping. We are alſo fitting up the Gallies, and it is reported that a Body of Land Forces will be put on board thoſe Veſſels.

" The Maſter of the Ceremonies went the 27th of laſt " Month to M. Bournaby, Reſident from the King of " Great Britain, and gave him Orders not to appear any " more at Court."

Hamburg, April 14. The 6000 Danes in Britiſh Pay have begun to quit their Quarters, in order to paſs the Elbe near Tuckenhauſen.

Berlin, April 15. *N. S.* ' On Tueſday laſt arrived here an ' Officer from Sileſia, preceeded by five Poſtillions: This ' Officer had been diſpatch'd by the King of Pruſſia, to give ' the two Queens in general, and by Word of Mouth, that ' on the 10th Inſt. there had been an Action between the ' Pruſſians and the Auſtrians, in which his Pruſſian Majeſty ' had been victorious; and that another Expreſs ſhould ' ſoon follow, with the Particulars. Accordingly, the next ' Day at Noon arrived here another Officer, preceeded by ' 16 Poſtillions, who brought the following Account: That ' the Auſtrian Army under the Command of Feldt Marſhal ' Count Neiperg, was advanced into Sileſia; and his Pruſ' ſian Majeſty being informed they were marching directly ' towards him, he immediately drew together all the Troops ' he could, and made the neceſſary Diſpoſitions for a Battle: ' That on Monday the 10th Inſtant, the two Armies met, ' and engag'd at a Place call'd Molwitz, or Mogwitz, about ' a League on this Side Neiſs: That the Fight began at ' Two o'Clock in the Afternoon and laſted 'til Six in the ' Evening, when the Auſtrians thought proper to retire in ' very good Order under the Cannon of Neiſs, leaving the ' Field of Battle to the Pruſſians: That the Action was ' ſharp and bloody on both Sides: That in the Beginning ' the Auſtrians drove back the left Wing of the Pruſſians at ' which Lieutenant General Count Schulenbourg command' ed, who had the Misfortune to be kill'd the firſt Onſet; but ' that this Confuſion was ſoon after redreſs'd by the Grena' diers which his Pruſſian Majeſty had intermixed with the ' Horſe; ſuch a Diſpoſition being thought neceſſary, upon ' the Information his Pruſſian Majeſty had received that the ' Auſtrians were ſuperior to him in Cavalry. The Attack ' on the Pruſſian's Right Wing was as warm as that on the ' Left, Five Squadrons of Schulenbourg's Dragoons having ' been almoſt all deſtroyed. The Regiments of Carabineers ' of Count Wartenſleben ſuffer'd alſo very much, as did alſo ' the firſt Battalion of Guards, who had 16 Officers killed ' out of 25. The whole Loſs of the Auſtrians, according ' to the Accounts the two Queens have, is 4000 killed, ' wounded, or Priſoners; and they make that of the Pruſſian ' Army to be 600 killed, and 1200 wounded.

' Liſt of the General and other Principal Officers killed ' and wounded on the Side of the Pruſſians in the Action ' near Molwitz or Mogwitz in Sileſia, on the 10th of April. ' Lieutenant General Count Schulenbourg; the Margrave ' Frederick of Brandenbourg, Col. and alſo Col of a Re' giment in the Dutch Service; Col. Bork, of the Regiment ' of Gravenitz; Lieutenant Col. Fitzgerald of a Regiment ' of Guards; the Majors Knobelſdorf and Schendendorf; ' M. Mallendorf. one of his Majeſty's Pages; and the Ma' ſter of the King's Houſhold, Killed. M. Meaupertui, an ' eminent Mathematican, miſſing. Feldt-Marſhal Schwerin; ' the Lieutenants General Marcwitz and Klieſt; Major-Ge' neral Margrave Charles; the Col. Prince William, Brother ' to the Margrave; Wartenſleben of the Carabineers; Roch' au; and Finck, the King's Aid de Camp, and Major Borck, ' wounded. Generals of the Auſtrians killed and wounded: ' General Lentulus, and the Prince of Birkenfield killed. ' Feldt-Marſhal Count Neiperg, wounded in the Head, and ' the Generals Brown and Grun were alſo wounded.'

London, April 14. We hear the Parliament will be prorogu'd either next Monday or Tueſday ſe'nnight, and that they will be Diſſolv'd the next Day, and Writs iſſued for new Elections immediately; ſo that moſt of the Elections will be in May, and all over by about the middle of June.

We hear that the Lords of the Admiralty have order'd two Men of War of 50 Guns each, to ſail for St. Helena, to wait the Arrival of the Ships from India, to convoy them from thence to England.

We hear that the Propoſal for the better Manning Merchant Ships in Time of War by the Aſſiſtance of Marines, has been thought ſo beneficial to the Trade and Navigation of theſe Kingdoms, that it has now been moſt maturely conſider'd: And as this Method may be purſu'd without putting the Merchants to any Expence whatſoever, and be a Means of training up great Numbers of Seamen for the Service of his Majeſty's Navy, proper Application will ſoon be made for carrying an Affair of ſo great Conſequence into ſpeedy Execution.

They write from Plymouth, that the Wilmington Capt. Bulmore, from Turkey was taken off of Scilly by a Spaniſh Privateer.

We hear that the George Packet Boat is arriv'd at Falmouth from Liſbon. The Capt. thereof on the 31ſt of March, in Lat. 49: 20. ſpoke with his Majeſty's Ship the Colcheſter, with nine Sail of Merchant Ships under her Convoy, and the Stambolen, Hayes from Turky, for London, whom he had retaken from a Spaniſh Privateer of 24 Guns and 300 Men, after being in Cuſtody 49 Hours. Capt. Hayes fought the Privateer 4 Hours, and kill'd him 33 Men. The Colcheſter was within Gun Shot of the Privateer, but the Wind dying away they got off by their Oars.

We hear that a Spaniſh Privateer took lately the Induſtry, Cob, off the Bar of Oporto. Soon after the Bonetta Sloop of War came up with them, and releas'd her, and made a Prize of the Privateer, and carried her into Oporto.

April 13. The Workmen employ'd in his Majeſty's Yards at Deptford, Woolwich and Chatham have receiv'd Orders to work over Hours for finiſhing the Repairs of ſeveral Men of War lately put into Commiſſion.

Letters from Nantes, of the 3d Inſtant, ſay, that the Bridge of Caſſerie, on which ſeveral Houſes were erected, fell down ſuddenly with three of them, and that thirty or forty People periſh'd in the Ruins; but a Girl of 14 Years of Age was taken out alive, and without receiving any Hurt, tho' ſhe was found between two Perſons who were both cruſh'd to Death.

They write from the Hague, that the Council of State has diſpatch'd Orders for the Troops of both Augmentations to be compleat before the 1ſt of July.

NEW-YORK, June 29.

The indefatigable Vigilance of our Magiſtrates is hardly to be expreſs'd; there being now 11 Negroes Capitally convicted, and about 100 in Goal; ſeveral Whites, are impeached and committed on Suſpicion, one among them is ſtrongly ſuſpected to be a Romiſh Prieſt; the Blacks begin to Confeſs, and agree generally in their Confeſſions, that each was firſt to kill his Maſter, and then to deſtroy as many Whites as poſſible; and even ſince the Diſcovery of the Plot they propoſed to put their helliſh Deſign into Execution, but were deter'd by the Military Watch. The Magiſtrates continue their Search for Offenders, and daily ſome Blacks are taken up and committed.

Cuſ-

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, June 29. *Entred Inwards.*

Byers from Boſton, Rice from N. Carolina, Adderly and Hunt from Jamaica, Long from Cork, Cooper from New-Caſtle.

Outward Entries, *Hepburn and Wright for Dublin, Peat for Madeira, Lyng for Curacoa, Kip for Antigua, Stretcher for Lewis on Delaware, Rice and Byers for Boſton.*

Cleared. *Hayman to London, Powers to Dublin, Palliſter to Jamaica, Allair and Riven to Barbados, Stretcher to Lewis on Delaware. Barnes to Boſton.*

PHILADELPHIA,

All our Accounts from *Jamaica* confirm the News of our Fleet and Forces With-drawing from before *Carthagena*, and Return to that Iſland. The violent Heats, and the bad Water the Men were forced to drink, occaſioned a Sickneſs which carried off a conſiderable Number; and the Rainy Seaſon coming on, made it neceſſary and prudent to retire for the preſent. The Attack of Fort *St. Lazarus*, was the only unſucceſsful Attempt in the whole Expedition; the *Spaniards* having Notice of the Deſign by ſome Deſerters, made full Preparation to receive our Aſſault, and plac'd in that Fort a Number of Men extraordinary, and made Entrenchments round it, defended by ſeveral concealed Batteries of Cannon. Our Troops behaved with great Bravery, and continued the Attack three Hours, during which we had by the exacteſt Accounts 143 Men killed, and 465 wounded: At length finding it impracticable to enter, the Retreat was ſounded; and ſoon after the whole Army re-embark'd in order to return to *Jamaica*. Before the Fleet ſail'd, an Exchange was made of Priſoners, and having recovered all our own Men, there were ſtill 250 *Spaniards* remaining in the Fleet. All the Forts and Batteries which we had taken, were by the Admiral's Order blown to Pieces, deſtroyed and levelled with the Ground, and the moſt valuable Cannon brought off, the reſt ruined. The Town itſelf is almoſt reduc'd to Rubbiſh by the 6000 Bombs thrown into it, and the great Number of Cannon Shot; which, with their Men of War, Galleons, *&c*, ſunk and burnt, makes the Loſs of *Spain* very great; whereas *Britain* has only loſt a few Men, of which, God be praiſed, the Nation has plenty, the Expence being a Trifle, as the Money all circulates among ourſelves; ſo that upon the whole it may be eſteem'd no inglorious Expedition. Five Men of War were left behind, being ordered to go and attack *St. Martha*, a Place a few Leagues to Windward of *Carthagena*. Great Preparations are making in *Jamaica* for a new Expedition, the Aſſembly of that Iſland having granted the Admiral 5000 pick'd Negroes; and 'tis ſaid the Fleet were to ſail the 20th of *June*, deſigning to divide and attack at once, *St. Jago de Cuba* and *La vera Cruz*. All the Sick and Wounded were put into Hoſpitals in *Jamaica*, and taken care of in the beſt Manner, ſo that they were recovering daily. The moſt exact Account of the Number of Men loſt in the whole Expedition to *Carthagena*, does not exceed 2700, of which 2500 were carried off by the Sickneſs. The Sickneſs was very mortal in the Town alſo, and great Numbers of the Enemy were killed and wounded; but the Place was continually ſupplied with freſh Men from the Country. It is however, agreed by all, that if we could have been there a Month ſooner, the Town muſt inevitably have fallen into our Hands: There being no Want of Conduct in our Officers, or Bravery in the Men; but the Seaſon was againſt us.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, *Entred Inwards.*

Sloop Meridian, Thomas Comerford, from Virginia.
Ship Martha, William Simpſon, from Barbados.
Sloop Delight, Joſeph Frith, from Jamaica.

Entred Out.

Sloop Speedwell, John Peters, for Rhode-Iſland.
Ship Hampſhire, James Calcot, for Jamaica.
Ship Ann, Edward Oliver, for Jamaica.
Brigt. Vernon, Arthur Burrows, for Madeira.
Sloop Meridian, Thomas Comerford, for Boſton.

Cleared.

Brigt Hannah, William Tiffin, to Liſbon.
Ship Elizabeth and Jane, Robert Macky, to Jamaica.
Brigt. Nancy, David Davis, to Barbados.
Sloop Experiment, James Robins, to Boſton.
Brigt. Abraham and Martha, Abraham Skinner, to St. Kitts.
Sloop Speedwell, John Peters, to Rhode-Iſland.
Brigt. Mary, Thomas Oliphant, to Barbados.

Advertiſements.

RUN away from William Maugridge, of this City, Ship-Joiner, an Engliſh Servant Man named George Townly, aged about 24 years, of ſhort ſtature, freſh colour'd, and pock-fretten; his hair newly cut off with ſciſſars: had on a bever hat, a white linnen cap, mixt duroy coat, ozenbrigs trowſers, worſted ſtockings, and new ſhoes.

Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable charges paid by William Maugridge.

RUN away on the 29th paſt, from Thomas Stewart, at the Head of Back-Creek, Cæcil County, Maryland, two Iriſh Servant Men: The one named William Burk, about 23 Years of Age; had on when he went away, a lead colour' coat or a blue linſy-woolſy frock, a brown flannel jacket, either a dark colour'd wig, or a cap, leather breeches or elſe trowſers, peacked toed ſhoes, iron grey ſtockings very much darn'd in the legs, felt hat, a good linnen ſhirt, and a coarſe ſhirt. The other named Michael M'gillaughan, about 20 years of age; had on when he went away, a dark brown coat and jacket, the neck of the coat faced with red, or a brown coat, black breeches, iron grey ſtockings, peaked toed ſhoes, new felt hat, and long black hair. Whoever takes up ſaid Servants and ſecures them, ſo that their Maſter may have them again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward for each, and reaſonoble Charges paid by Thomas Stewart.

THERE is a large convenient dwelling Houſe and Lot, containing 11 Acres of Ground, a part of which is a large young Orchard, together with Kitchin, Garden, Well and Stable very fit for either Tavern or Country Store, to be let at Chriſtiana Bridge. Fnquire of Francis James on Part of the Premiſes, or Iſaac Janvier, Joyner, in New-Caſtle, and hear the Terms.

Now ready for the Preſs,

A Supplement to *Free Grace with a Witneſs*, conſiſting of about eight Half-Sheets: By Magnus Falconar. And in regard the Author can't any other way bring it to the Preſs than by Subſcription; he therefore deſires thoſe in City or Country who have a mind to purchaſe it to ſend their Names ſpeedily in to the Author.

He intends in one Quarter more to move into the Country,

N. B. He teaches Navigation, oppoſite to Pewter-Platter-Alley, in Front-Street.

HUGH ROBERTS, Intends to remove in a ſhort Time, with his Sign of the PIPE, into Market-Street, to the Houſe were his Father Edward Roberts deceas'd, lately dwelt, oppoſite the End of the Butchers Stalls and Preſbyterian Meeting-Houſe.

RUN away from David Rees and John Moore, of Radnor, in Cheſter County, a Servant Man named John Hickay, by Trade a Blackſmith, a middle aged Man: Had on when he went away, a dark brown cloth Jacket, a fine Shirt, a good beaver Hat, white yarn Stockings, ſtrong peeked to'd Shoes, leather Breeches, and wears a linnen Cap.

Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid by David Rees, and John Moore.

STOLEN on the 17th of this Inſtant June, from the Subſcriber, in Annapolis, four Silver Spoons, three of them mark'd A S E and one of them M I: The Silverſmith's mark is P S.

Whoever brings them to the Owner and ſecures the Thief, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid by

Annapolis, June 20. 1741. Aſhbury Sutton.

BEST GLAZ'D PRESS PAPERS SOLD by the Printer hereof.

RUN away the 19th Inſt. from on board the Snow Ann and Mary, Samuel Hodſon Maſter, now lying at Wilmington, an indented Servant named David Pitts, by Trade a Nailer, born in England, ſpeaks broad Engliſh, of low ſtature, thin body, reddiſh beard, thin viſag'd, blotches on his arms and legs juſt healing; had on when he went away, an old dark frize coat, broke on the elbows and ſplit on the back, a thin blue veſt without lining, a new felt hat, a worſted cap, his hair cut, two blue and white ſhirts, a frize pair of breeches, coarſe yarn ſtockings, and half-worn ſhoes tied with ſtrings. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges paid by the ſaid Samuel Hodſon or David Buſh at Wilmington, or Edward Bridges in Philadelphia.

For Virginia and Maryland directly,

THE Sloop Fanny and Molly, Robert Goulding, Maſter; Will certainly ſail in ten Days. For Freight or Paſſage agree with Andrew Farrel, Tanner in Cheſnut-ſtreet, or the Maſter on board ſaid Sloop, now lying at Mr. John Norris, Ship builder's Wharfe.

N. B. To be ſold by ſaid Farrel, fine Locuſt Frames for Ships Sterns, very good Locuſt Trunnells, of ſundry Lengths. A Parcel of Sail Canvas. He alſo buys and ſells Maryland Money.

DAVID CLARK, lately come from Pennypack Mill, now lives in Fifth-ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia. All perſons that are indebted to the ſaid Clark, upon Bond, Bill or Accounts, are deſired to come and pay their reſpective debts to him, or elſe they may expect to be proceeded againſt as the law directs; he intending for Europe very ſoon.

For LONDON.

THE Swift Galley, Edmund Smyter, Maſter, burthen 130 Tons, 10 guns, men anſwerable, with good accomodation for paſſengers, having half her cargo ready to take on board, will certainly ſail the latter end of June; for freight or paſſage agree with William Till, or the maſter.

A Houſe and Lot, in Darby, over the Mill-race, to be diſpoſed of, or let: It is convenient for either a Tanner or Skinner. Any Perſon diſpoſed to buy or rent the ſame may enquire of Thomas Tatnal. ⊙

TO BE SOLD,

By JOHN INGLIS, at his Store oppoſite to Mr. Joſeph Shippen's, in Front-Street.

OSNABRIGS, yard and ſeven eight Garlix, bag hollands, callicoes, bandanos, india damaſks, taffities and perſians, ſletias, ſcotch check, London double and ſingle refin'd ſugar, duroys, ſagathys, London and Briſtol tammies, ditto ſhalloons, ſilk and boild camlets, ſarſnet handkerchiefs, mens and womens ſhammy gloves, cotton and worſted caps, mens thread and worſted ſtockings, buttons and mohair, plain callimancoes, mould and drop ſhot, bar lead, bed ticks in ſuits, ticken in pieces, bunts, ſix quarter muſlin, ſewing ſilk, pins, caddes, linnen handkerchiefs, 8, 10, and twenty penny nails, bohea and green tea, ſuits of ſuper fine broad cloth with trimmings, kerſeys, rugs and blankets, broad cloth in pieces, tobacco pipes, gallon, half gallon and quart bottles, crates of earthen ware, Barbados pot ſugar, with ſundry likely Engliſh ſervant men, huſbandmen and tradeſmen, very cheap for ready money or the uſual credit.

RUN away on Sunday laſt, from Thomas Mullan, of this City, an Engliſh ſervant man, named John Goodenough, of low ſtature, ſwarthy complexion, large black eye-brows, had on a ſmall new hat, a good black bob wig, a whitiſh fuſtian frock coat with brown linnen lining, a blue and white ſtrip'd ticken jacket and linnen breeches, good thread ſtockings, good ſhoes, a broad ſquare copper pair of buckles.

Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges paid by

Phila. May 28. 1741. Thomas Mullan.

THERE has been for ſometime at the Plantation of Benjamin Davies, of Upper Merion, in Philadelphia County, a ſorrel Mare, branded ID on the near ſhoulder, and on the near Buttock LK. The Owner deſcribing the natural Marks, and paying the Charges, may have her again.

LOST about eight Days ſince, a red Leather Pocket Caſe, gilt CONSTANTINOPLE on the Back, containing a Note of hand payable to Bradley and Co. for 13 l. and about 5 l. in Money. Whoever brings it to the Printer hereof, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward.

RUN away on Tueſday Night laſt, from Robert Miller, of Caln Townſhip, Cheſter County, an Engliſh ſervant man, named Roger Noble, a ſhort well ſet fellow, about 30 years of age, black complexion, down look: Took with him when he went away, a light colour'd broad cloth Coat & Jacket, with white metal buttons, 2 pair of leather breeches two pair of trowſers, two felt hats, ſeveral pair of ſtockings, and good ſhoes. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid by

Philad. June 18. 1741. Robert Miller. ⊙

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Woodland, containing about 100 acres, near Point-no-point, bounded on the north with John Orley's and William Rawle's land, on the weſt with Thomas Chalkley's, on the eaſt with the meadows at Point-no-point, a road running through the land; Any perſon enclining to purchaſe, may know the terms by enquiring of Mary Ball.

Juſt Imported from London, and Briſtol,

And to be ſold by HAMILTON and COLEMAN,

HOLLANDS, yardwide and ſeven eights garlix, broad and narrow lawns, long lawns, piſtol lawns, cambricks, damaſk and diaper table cloths, napkin and clouting diaper, bed-ticks of all ſorts, three quarters, yardwide and ſix quarters check, iriſh linnens, muſlins, variety of chints and callicoes, black and changeable taffaties, ſilk damaſk, ellwide perſians, figured bandanoes, plain ſilk handkerchiefs, lungees, cotton romalls, penneaſcoes, plain and ſtriped gingams, mantuas, bluſh perſians, modena and white ſarſenets, crapes, grazets, barragons, camblets, blue and cloth coloured pluſh, ſerge-denim, london and briſtol ſhalloons, fine colour'd tammies, white ruſſels, callimancos, florettas, ſtriped cambletees, toys, ſerges, ſagathies, duroys, mens and womens ſtockings, felt hats, light cloth & colour'd ſewing ſilk, nuns thread, holland tapes, red tapes, bobbins, noneſoprettys, pins, cotton caps, cotton laces, fine bindings, ſhirt buttons, ribbands, ferrits, head fringe, braid and twiſt, broad cloths, kerſeys, druggets, german ſerge, plain and tufted fuſtians, ſcythes, and ſcythe ſtones, pipes, lead, ſhot, nails, tea cheſts, looking-glaſſes, tea-boards, loaf-ſugar, ſaſh-glaſs, and variety of other goods. ⊙

STray'd or ſtolen from off the Commons of Philadelphia, a large ſorrel Horſe, 14 or 15 Hands high, branded with E P on the near ſhoulder, a large ſtar in his Forehead, a long ſwitch Tail, a ſaddle Mark on the near ſide. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe, and brings him to *Matthew Robinſon*, in ſecond-ſtreet, Philadelphia, ſhall have Twenty ſhillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges.

A Parcel of likely SERVANTS, Tradesmen, and Labourers, and ſome Women. To be Sold at Edward Warner's Wharffe, near Arch Street, by William Clymer and Comp. ⊙

Juſt Imported from London,

And to be ſold cheap for ready money, by SAMUEL PERRY, at the Store that was Mr. Reeſe Meredith's, in Water-ſtreet, viz.

BROAD Cloths fine and coarſe, Fuſtians, white jeans, dimityes, duroys, ſilk and boild cambletts, plain and ſtriped callamancoes, mourning crapes, ſhalloones, altapeen, callicoes, check'd linnen, dowlas, three quarters and ſeven eights garlix, cambricks, lawns white and colour'd threads, cloth and light colour'd ſewing ſilk, lettered gartering, mens and womens fine thread and worſted hoſe, mens and womens white glaz'd lamb gloves, ſingle and double worſted and cotton caps, mens and boys felt and caſtor hatts, linings, and loops, buttons and bowſtrings for hats, ſundry ſorts of ironmongery and cutlery too tedious here to mention. ſadlers ironmongery, as ripon and full knob ſnaſle bitts, Elbow bitts, hunting bitts, Rhode-Iſland bitts, plain and bard mens ſtrirrops, womens ſtirrops, ſmall & large white ſetts, ſtaples and rings, black buckles, tuff nails, ſadlers, girth, webb and twiſt, with ſundry other ſorts ſadlers ironmongery, long and ſhort ſcyths, 2 3 4 10 and 20 d. nails, joiners brads, ſhoe ſprigs, ſparrowbills, hobb nails, ſadlers tacks, 2 d. and 3 d. nails, broad and narrow tobacco hoes.

N. B. Alſo good madeira wine, and bohea tea.

TO BE SOLD,

By EDWARD SHIPPEN, ſundry Lots on Society-hill,

ALSO about eight Acres of Ground well ditched and fenced in with cedar, on paſsyunk road, overagainſt William Tidmarſh's barn, about a quarter of a mile to the ſouthward of Philadelphia, with a bearing orchard of ſeven years planting, conſiſting of about 150 apple trees, ſuch as newtown pippins, vandivers, houſe apples, and ſeveral other good ſorts; And 20 bearing engliſh cherry-trees.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, POST-MASTER, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the Market.